State Library

# The Asheville News.

VOL. 11—NO. 7.} ASHEVILLE, N. C., SEPTEMBER 1, 1859. {WHOLE NO. 527.

**Swannanoa Lodge, No. 56,**

I. O. O. F.

Holds its regular meetings every Thursday evening, at Temperance Hall.

J. L. HENRY, *N. G.*
S. W. BURGIN, *R. S.*

Asheville, Aug. 26, 1858.

### MEDICAL NOTICE.

WE have this day formed a partnership for the practice of MEDICINE and SURGERY, in all their branches, under the firm and style of

**MORRISON & SUMMEY.**

Office, one door below J. A. Patton's store, and nearly opposite Eagle Hotel.

Calls promptly attended at all hours, day or night, and in our absence calls left at the store of Summey, Spears & Co., will receive our prompt attention.

W. MORRISON, *M. D.*
D. F. SUMMEY.

Asheville, March 31, 1859. tf.

### J. F. E. HARDY, M. D., AND J. G. HARDY, M. D.,

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of *MEDICINE*, in its various branches.

Office—front room in the Temperance Hall Building, nearly opposite the Bank of Cape Fear.

Asheville, Feb. 17, 1859. tf.

### W. L. HILLIARD, M. D.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.,

☞Office first door south of the Bank☜

January 6, 1859.

### M. L. NEILSON, M. D.,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

January 11, 1855.

### DR. J. S. T. BAIRD,

HAVING permanently located in ASHEVILLE, offers his professional services to the public, in the various branches of his profession. He can always be found at home, unless professionally absent.

March 18, 1858.

### G. W. WHITSON,

SURGEON DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

### DR. JOHN C. LOVE,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Jackson county, in the practice of Medicine and Surgery. He will attend promptly to all calls, day and night.

Office 1½ miles north of Webster, at the residence of J. B. Love, Esq.

March 17, 1859. 1y

### J. R. LOVE, JR.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WEBSTER, N. C.

WILL practice in the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison and Yancy. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to. [Aug. 18, 1859—1y

### ERWIN & HARDY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WILL practice in the County and Superior Courts of Henderson, Buncombe, Madison, Yancy and Polk.

MARCUS ERWIN. W. M. HARDY.

August 25, 1859. 1y

### David Coleman,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

March 3, 1853. tf.

### W. L. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

HAVING located at Asheville, will attend the Courts of Buncombe and surrounding counties. Office at Gudger's Hotel.

December 16, 1858.

### R. H. CANNON,

**Attorney at Law,**

Webster, Jackson County, N. C.

October 21, 1858. 1y

### SAM. C. BRYSON,

**Attorney at Law.**

WILL practice in all the Courts of the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe and Madison. Office at Waynesville, Haywood county.

February, 1859.

### H. A. BOONE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

*Webster, Jackson County, N. C.*

WILL practice in the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson and Haywood.

Oct. 14, 1858.

### W. G. CANDLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Montmorency Multiflorus,

(Homony Creek P. O., Buncombe County, N. C.)

July 21, 1859. 6m

### WILLIAM F. JONES,

**Attorney at Law,**

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

(Lately removed from Hendersonville, N. C.)

July 28, 1859. 1y

### FACTS *FOR THE* PEOPLE.

WE are now receiving at our old stand, on the public square, Asheville, the largest and most varied stock of

*SPRING AND SUMMER, STAPLE AND FANCY*

**DRY GOODS,**

***Ready Made Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, &c.***

Ever offered for sale in this market. Our Goods have been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with especial reference to the wants of the PEOPLE. And as our stock embraces almost every article, "useful as well as ornamental," we flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to please all who may favor us with a call. The object of this notice is not to publish self-praise, and hold ourselves up in a flattering light before the community; but simply to inform you that we have a heavier and better assorted stock of Goods now arriving, than any other house in town, to which we expect to be continually making large additions throughout the season; and to extend to you, one and all, an invitation to visit us and examine our stock, before making your purchases. The styles of our Goods are unsurpassed, and we are determined not to be undersold; and as we make no promise that we do not intend to perform, you may come with the assurance of being satisfactorily accommodated. Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

Asheville, April 2, 1859. tf

### *ASHEVILLE* CARRIAGE SHOP.

HAVING bought the interest of E. L. Triplett in the wood shop, I now offer my services to the citizens of Asheville and surrounding country. Thankful for the past favors, I will continue to carry on the

*Carriage and Buggy Making*

business in its various branches. Also, wagons, carts, &c. I still occupy the old stand of James Smith, in the south of Asheville.

From my long experience, I flatter myself I shall be able to give entire satisfaction. My work shall not be surpassed in the State.

Repairing neatly executed at short notice, and must be paid for before removed.

Produce taken in exchange for work.

Orders from a distance promptly attended.

D. C. McGREGOR.

January 20, 1859. tf

### PROPERTY FOR SALE IN MARION, N. C.

THE undersigned offers for sale a valuable residence in the town of Marion, McDowell county. The lot contains about half an acre, and has upon it a neat and convenient residence, a ten-pin alley, and all necessary out-buildings.—It lies upon main street, immediately adjoining Stephens' Hotel, and is very desirable property. Further information concerning it can be had by calling on G. W. Glass, Esq., of Marion.

If not disposed of privately, it will be offered at public sale during the week of the next County Court of McDowell county.

It will be sold on six months credit, the purchaser giving note and approved security.

J. R. HEMPHILL.

Asheville, June 2, 1859. tf

### Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms. Also, Call and examine a large assortment of

**TIN WARE,**

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice.

H. LINDSEY.

January 6, 1859. tf.

### COOKING STOVES.

THE undersigned is just receiving a large lot of Cooking Stoves, of the most *approved patterns* and *designs*, and embracing all sizes, from the *smallest to the largest*. Come, bring your money, and buy one at *low figures*.

JAS. B. RANKIN.

EVERY kind of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, by

Nov. 18, 1859. J. A. PATTON.

### Town Property

*FOR SALE.*

THE house and lot now occupied by M. L. Doyle, is offered for sale. The lot fronts on the Public Square, and has upon it neat and comfortable buildings—including dwelling, storehouse, stables, carriage house, bake oven, &c.

The property is valuable, and well adapted for a private residence or business stand.

For further information inquire of M. L. Doyle on the premises, or the undersigned.

—0—*ALSO*—0—

A FARM, lying 2½ miles from Asheville, in Chunn's Cove, and in the neighborhood of Mr. Stephen Lee's. The tract contains 100 acres—is well timbered, well watered, and very productive.

For terms, apply to M. L. Doyle, in Asheville, or to the subscriber.

T. KEENAN.

### Gudger's Hotel,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

**J. H. GUDGER, Proprietor.**

The Southern, Eastern, Morganton and Murphey stages, stop at this House.

Asheville, October 7, 1858

JUST received, and now being opened, an excellent stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

We invite our lady friends to call and examine for themselves.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

### ED. J. ASTON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

STORE—Brick Corner, opposite the Court House.

RESIDENCE—Church street, opposite the Episcopal Church.

☞Prescriptions put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours of the day or night.

Asheville, March 25, 1858.

### 1859. FALL. 1859.

o

**DRY GOODS.**

o

**Hopkins, Hull & Atkinson,**

*BALTIMORE,*

ASK the attention of buyers to their large and elegant stock of

**FALL DRY GOODS,**

which has been purchased most carefully, and on the best terms. To prompt dealers we shall sell our Goods low. We ask buyers who have never examined our stock to call and do so, believing that we can make it to their interest to deal with us; and TO OUR OLD FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS we shall offer increased advantages.

ORDERS sent to us shall have *special and prompt attention.*

**Hopkins, Hull & Atkinson,**
258 Baltimore Street,
Baltimore.

August 17, 1859. 2m

### STILL AFLOAT!

IN these times of "new systems" and "cash stores," with proof positive that no one can live unless he buys and sells for cash, we would like to remind our numerous friends that we still

**Sell on a Credit!**

(With the understanding that it must be paid 1st of each January,) to all responsible and punctual men, and on as accommodating terms as the much abused system of credit will allow. Be it understood, however, that if you have money to spend, and want to pay for your Goods, we will sell for CASH as low as any purely cash house can sell. Although we sell on credit, we don't refuse cash for our goods.

We have a good stock, to which we are constantly adding, and to which we respectfully call the attention of our customers.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Feb. 17, 1859. tf

### NEW FAMILY GROCERY *AND* EATING SALOON.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the citizens of Asheville and vicinity that he will open during the week before the next April Court, a regular family Grocery and

**EATING SALOON.**

He will have in his Establishment Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Dried Beef, Bacon, Bologne Sausages, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon, Lobsters, Cheese, Crackers, Candies, Raisins, Tobacco, Segars, &c., &c. A quantity of all sorts of

**BREAD,**

kept constantly on hand. It is his purpose to keep a number one house, and solicits a share of the public patronage.

All kinds of country produce, Butter, Eggs, Poultry &c., taken in exchange for Edibles, or bought at the market price.

Call at the store house immediately south of Gudger's Hotel on the court house square, and you shall have anything to Eat you may call for. No Liquors kept in the establishment.

Meals prepared on short notice, and at any hour, day or night.

A. B. ROMANO, Agent.

March, 24, 1859. tf.

### 1859. 1859. SPRING STOCK.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE now opening at their old stand, a very desirable and attractive stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

Having been purchased by an experienced merchant in the city of New York, on the most favorable terms, they hope to give satisfaction to their patrons, and be enabled to sell as cheap as the big house, or any other. We invite all to call and examine our stock.

April 7, 1859. tf

### JAS. A. PATTON

**Is now prepared to exhibit an unusually extensive & varied assortment of Staple and Fancy**

**DRY GOODS,**

**HATS, SHOES & CLOTHING,**

FOR the SPRING TRADE, inviting special attention to his DRESS GOODS, both for ladies and gentlemen.

Particular attention has been paid to the selection of his Stock for the present season, and he feels assured that the public have now an opportunity of supplying themselves on the most favorable terms, with the choicest goods and latest patterns.

To prompt paying and responsible persons, he is anxious to sell both for CASH and on a CREDIT; but he has no hesitation in saying that he can and does sell much cheaper for CASH.

Every species of Domestic Produce, Hay, Corn, and grain of every sort, taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market price.

*The first Store in the south end of the village.*—Look for it! There you will always find a hearty welcome, a full supply of all the articles usually kept in a country store, of first rate quality, and at MODERATE PRICES.

Asheville, April 14, 1859. tf

### The Willis Water Wheel.

THE undersigned is the Patentee of the "Willis Water Wheel," and will sell State or County Rights low.

ALSO—a small tract of land, with comfortable buildings, on the waters of Homony Creek, Buncombe county, within 3 miles of the White Sulphur Springs, and will give ample credit on land or Patent Rights. Address, Homony P. O., Buncombe county.

OSCAR WILLIS.

July 21, 1859. tf

### NORTH CAROLINA Mutual Insurance Company,

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS.

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alexander Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. M. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*,
John R. Williams,
C. W. D. Hutchings, } Executive Committee.

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

HAMDEN S. SMITH, *Sec'y.*

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1859.

### NEW Ambrotype Gallery.

THE subscriber having bought out Mr. Lewis' entire stock and apparatus, with a large addition of Cases, &c., offers his services to the public generally on most reasonable terms. Pictures from one dollar upwards, of all styles. His long experience induces him to believe that all who patronise him will be more than pleased.

Call and give him a trial. Rooms at the old stand.

E. W. HERNDON.

Asheville, April 7, 1859. tf

### NORTH CAROLINA Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

SLAVES are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson,
Wm. D. Haywood,
James F. Jordan,
Quinten Busbee,
H. W. Husted,
Wm. H. McKee,
Charles B. Root,
Wm. W. Holden,
Wm. D. Cooke,
R. H. Battle,
Wm. H. Jones,
P. F. Pescud,
K. P. Battle.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President.
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary.
William H. Jones, Treasurer.
H. W. Husted, Attorney.
Charles E. Johnson, M. D.
William H. McKee, M. D.
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Medical Board of Consultation.
Q. Busbee,
W. H. McKee,
Charles B. Root, } Executive Committee.

For further information the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, *Sec'y.*

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1859.—1y.

### ASHEVILLE Mutual Insurance Company.

AT a meeting of the members of the Asheville Mutual Insurance Company, convened in Asheville on Friday October 17th, the following Board of Directors and officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. Osborne, President.
W. W. McDowell, Vice President.
J. B. Rankin, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

W. D. Rankin, M. Patton, J. W. Patton.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. Hardy, M. D.
J. D. Boyd, " "
W. L. Hilliard " "

ATTORNIES.

Z. B. Vance, A. S. Merrimon.

All communications should be addressed to
J. B. RANKIN, *Sec'y.*

Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

### Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Samuel Wears, deceased, I again request all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment; and all persons having claims against said Estate are notified to present them immediately for payment.

J. H. GUDGER,
Adm.

August 4, 1859. 3m

### Molasses, Molasses.

MANUFACTURED from the Chinese Sugar Cane, by W. W. McDowell, for sale by gallon or barrel, by

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

## The Bride of a Dream.

We take the following account of a singular dream from the Western Christian Advocate:

Mr. B. has been twice married, but was left the second time a widower with six daughters and a son. After these bereavements, Mr. B. inferred that the Lord did not design him to enjoy the blessing of a wife, and he resolved to deny himself all personal conveniences and enjoyments of the conjugal relation, and never attempt to select another partner for life. This resolution he sacredly kept for nearly three years, when the arguments and counsel of the minister of the circuit, in the State of Delaware, prevailed on him to change his mind. The consideration of his numerous family of daughters requiring so much of a mother's care and instruction, was one of the strongest reasons that had induced him to admit that his resolution might be founded in error. The minister, encouraged by the good impression he had made, and the influence he had gained over Mr. B., took the liberty to name to him a lady residing in the neighborhood of his circuit, whom he thought would make him an excellent wife and a good mother of his children, and appointed the time and place for Mr. B. to meet him and be introduced to her. Some occurrence took place which prevented Mr. B. from meeting the minister according to appointment.

The minister, intent upon his plan, procured Mr. B.'s consent to meet him a second time, and the appointment was made; but an unexpected Providence again prevented Mr. B. from being there at the time. They then made a third arrangement, and Mr. B. determined, if life and health permitted, he would certainly meet his friend, and be made acquainted with the lady recommended. Before the time arrived, however, Mr. B. was admonished in a dream that the woman so favorably spoken of by the minister was not the one he ought to marry, and he was conducted in a vision to the residence of the young lady who would be a suitable helpmate, and whom Providence designed for him. The distance was sixty miles, and he had only traveled twenty miles in that direction. Yet the map of the whole road was laid before his mind, and the way he should go so distinctly marked in his dream, that he seemed perfectly familiar with all the road. He dreamed the distance, the name of the young woman, and the name of her stepfather, Col. Vickers, the appearance of the house in which he lived, how it was painted; that it was situated near a river, with a warehouse near at hand. He dreamed, also, that there were five young ladies belonging to the same family, and had the one selected for him so accurately described in his dream, that he could easily distinguish her from the other four.

In the morning he awoke and thought nothing of his vision, except as an ordinary and rather remarkable dream. The next night he had precisely the same vision repeated, and the same things presented to his mind in a still more vivid manner. Mr. B. then began to think that there might be some indication of Providence in his dream; and all that day he made it the subject of sincere and ardent prayer, that God would direct him in the way he should go in a matter so grave, and involving so much interest to himself and his motherless children. That night he had the vision repeated to him the third time, and he determined then to follow the directions furnished him, and fully test the circumstances of the dream by a practical examination, and see if the results would be developed as he dreamed them. He immediately sent a note to the preacher, informing him that he had changed his mind, and must decline meeting him at the time appointed. Mr. B. started in the direction indicated by his vision, and after passing the twenty miles he was acquainted with, his dream was his only guide. He, however, had no difficulty; for the map of the road was so vididly impressed upon his mind, that he was able to distinguish his road from all others. That gentleman, whose name was given him in his dream, he had never seen or heard of. He knew the farm as soon as he saw it. The house and everything about it appeared precisely as they had been presented in his vision.

He alighted from his horse and entered the beautiful house. The personal appearance of the young lady was so vividly impressed on his mind by the vision thrice repeated, that he readily recognized her in company of the four others, whom he found in the same family. He soon ascertained the young woman, and found it to be Sarah T., according to his dream. This young lady had determined, and had often said, she would never marry a widower. Miss T. said the very moment she first saw Mr. B., she felt a strange tremor over her whole system. She had a vivid impression that he was a widower, and that he had come to see her. She afterwards confessed that a sudden emotion of affection for him arose in her heart as soon as she came into his presence.

Mr. B. obtained the pleasure of an interview with her that evening, and was successful in securing her consent to visit her again, and address her on the subject of marriage. He, however, did not tell her his dream till she had engaged to become his wife. After a courtship of a few months, they were happily married, and lived together for more than fifty years. Mr. B. died on the 25th of March, 1842, and Mrs. B. lived till the 7th of April, 1857. For sixty years, perhaps, they were both distinguished and useful members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

## What Should be Taught.

The Scientific American thinks our common schools would have done a great deal more good to the people if they had paid more attention to the physicial and mathematical sciences. There is a great deal of truth in this observation. Probably four-fifths of the pupils of our common schools are destined to make their living in some of the mechanical arts, or in the workshops of the country. Yet very little does the practical training they receive in our schools fit them for eminence in their professions. Natural philosophy is ignored just as much as if no such knowledge existed. Boys leave school to work at trades, knowing nothing at all of the principles of mechanics, which lie at the foundation of their professions.—Great care is taken with them in elegant and ornamental penmanship, but not a single hour is devoted to the drawing of mathematical figures, or in making practical draughtsmen of the pupils. Geometry is scarcely touched, grammar and geography being considered more important. Hence much of the information which the pupil spends the earlier periods of his life in learning, is of but little use to him when he leaves school, and is forgotten early, unless his after pursuits require him to keep up an intimate acquaintance with it. That which would have been practically useful to him, and which would have made his labors in his profession a source of pleasure and of solid acquisition, instead of being a task to be got rid of as soon as possible and never thoroughly comprehended, is not learned at all. The true value of education is the uses to which it can be put, and that would seem certainly to be the best education, which enables the pupil to put the knowledge gained at school to immediate use in maintaining himself respectably and independently in society. Not simply himself, but the world, would receive the benefit of an educational system which would substitute physical and mathematical science for a great deal which is now taught, or at least divide the time of study, so that the most useful should have at least as fair a share of attention as that which is less so.

HOMELY.—What if you are as homely as a log hut?—don't cry about it. Let goodness of heart make up for outward looks.—A lady with eyes that resembled peeled onions, and a nose as crooked as a politician's creed—a chin like a hoe, and mouth like a jack knife, will be more respected and beloved, by those whose opinion it is worth one's pains to secure, if she possesses a good heart and kind disposition, than if she were as beautiful as Milton's Eve, with a cork-screw disposition and a heart of lead. The wise never judge from the complexion of the skin, or the symmetry of the form, but from the virtues of the heart and a corresponding life.

Mr. Jones went home drunk and found his wife asleep. He went to bed, and after a moment's consideration, he thought it would be policy to turn over, lest his breath might betray him; when Mrs. Jones opened her eyes, and in the mildest manner in the world, said: "You needn't turn over, Jones, for you are drunk clear through."

MR. CHOATE.—Two or three years ago, during a season of illness, Mr. Choate was visited by one of his friends, who urged upon him the importance of paying more attention to his health. "Sir," said the visitor, "you must go away; if you continue your professional labors thus, you will certainly undermine your constitution." Mr. Choate looked up, and with that grave irony and peculiar twinkle of the eye which were so marked and indescribable when he jested, said: "Sir, the constitution was destroyed long ago; I am now living under the by-laws."—*Boston Courier.*

M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.—Since this church has been in operation—fourteen years—its missionary revenue has increased from about $60,000 to $215,000.

## The Next House of Representatives.

All the States with the exception of California, Georgia, Louisiana, Minnesota, Maryland, Mississippi, and Oregon have elected members of the House of Representatives.—Thus far the House consists of 74 Democrats and 131 Know Nothings and black Republicans. The States to elect stood last Congress 22 Democrats to 6 opposition. The whole number of members is 237, of which 119 is a majority. The next House may, therefore, be regarded as Know Nothing and black Republican.

We take it for granted that the Know Nothings and black Republicans will substantially act together. They are animated by a common hatred towards the Democracy and the administration. Their arguments and their charges against both are nearly the same. The black Republicans have two objects in view—one is to limit and destroy African slavery within the forms of the Constitution; and the other is to enjoy the honors and patronage of the government. The Southern Know Nothings also have two objects in view—one is to gratify their hatred of Democracy, and the other is to divide with their opposition brothers the honors and the spoils of office. Depend upon it, they will act substantially together. Mr. Gilmer, Mr. Vance, Mr. Leach, and Mr. Smith will at least remain neutral in a contest between a national Democrat and a black Republican for the Presidency, for they no doubt hold, with their organ, the Republican Register, that no choice could well be made between the two. On calls of yeas and nays, where the rights of the South and the interests of slavery are vitally at issue, they will decline to vote or act with the South; at any rate they will do as little as possible to embarrass their opposition brethren. But in committee of the whole House, where the yeas and nays are not recorded, they will be foot-loose, and can vote as they please without being called to account. And the same will be found true, no doubt, as to the Southern Know Nothing members generally. We confess this is a gloomy view, but we believe it to be the true one.

This combination of factions of the most desperate and dangerous character the country has ever witnessed, will have the Speaker, the Clerks, and all the patronage of the House. They will make or withhold appropriations at pleasure. They will be able to paralyze the army and navy, as they have already paralyzed the Postoffice Department. They will turn the House of Representatives into a great electioneering machine for the Presidency; and the prospect now is that they will endeavor to defeat an election by the people and send it to the House, in order that they may determine it by and for themselves.

We have looked carefully and anxiously over the list of States, to see what prospect there is of the election of the Democratic candidate in case the election should go into the House. Connecticut, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, Massachusetts, New York, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin, (fourteen States) are black Republican; Arkansas, Alabama, California, Deleware, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Mississippi, Oregon, South Sarolina, Texas, and Virginia (fourteen States,) are Democratic; Illinois is divided; with one District in doubt; Kentucky stands five Democrats to four Know Nothings, with one District in doubt; North Carolina is divided; Maryland is divided, and Tennessee stands seven Know Nothings and three Democrats. There are thirty-three States making thirty-three votes in the House the vote of each State to be cast by a majority of the delegation. It will require seventeen votes to elect, and Kansas may be admitted, and if so, eighteen States will be necessary. But elections are to be held in California, Georgia, Louisiana, Minnesota, Maryland, Mississippi, and Oregon—all of which, with the exception of Maryland, we have claimed as Democratic. We may loose Minnesota, and California may be divided. On the other hand we may carry the vacant District in Illinois, thus making the State Democratic; and we may also secure the doubtful District in Kentucky, but failing in that, the State will be divided like North Carolina. Look at the matter as we may, the chances appear to be in favor of "the opposition." The blacks already have fourteen States; they will want, therefore, but three States to elect, in case Kansas is not admitted. If they carry Minnesota they will have fifteen; if they carry the vacant District in Illinois, they will have sixteen; and then they will depend on Maryland and Tennessee for the seventeenth vote. But on the other hand, if we were sure of Minnesota, which we have claimed, and of Illinois, one of whose Districts is in doubt, and could count on Kentucky and North Carolina, we would feel safe, for that would make seventeen votes. It will make no material difference whether the blacks elect their own candidate or dictate the course of their opposition brethern by aiding them in electing their candidate. Three candidates for example will go to the House—a national Democrat, a black Republican, and a Southern or Western Know Nothing. If the blacks, failing to elect their candidate, shall go with their fourteen or fifteen States to the Know Nothing and elect him, as they certainly will as against a national Democrat, that Know Nothing President so called will be bound to respect the power that made him, and will be to all intents and purposes, a black Republican President.

But "sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof." We do not yet despair of the Republic. We entertain strong hopes that the national Democracy will still, as in time past, be equal to the occasion, and will again save the country from the curse of black Republican rule.

The whole number of Electoral votes in the next contest will be 303. It will require 152 to elect. The Democrats, under the most adverse circumstances, will certainly carry Arkansas, California, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia, making 116 votes. The vote of New York would be necessary in this event, to success; or Pennsylvania and Ohio, not to speak of smaller States which we might carry, would, with the votes above claimed, elect our candidtae.—*Raleigh Standard.*

A little girl describes a snake as a thing that's tail all the way up to the head.

## The Rev. Mr. Spurgeon.

DESCRIBED BY AN AMERICAN EDITOR.

Mr. Fulton, editor of that able journal, the Baltimore American, who has just returned from a tour in Europe, thus describes a visit he made to the Park street Chapel, in London, to hear the renowned preacher, the Rev. Mr. Spurgeon. Mr. Fulton says:

In personal appearance, Mr. Spurgeon has none of those characteristics that would impress you with an idea of extraordinaray capacity as a public speaker. He is about five feet five inches in height, rather stout and round, fair smooth face, and low forehead.—His hair is black, and parted in the centre, whilst his eyes are blue and his complexion fair. His countenance is mild and pleasing, and he wears no hair on his face, except a small tuft under each ear. Indeed, his face looks so smooth that you would scarcely suppose that he was troubled with any beard at all. As to age he does not look to be thirty, though I learn that he is about forty.

The services commenced with reading a hymn, showing that he is a beautiful reader, and that his voice is attuned and capable of the most distinct and impressive enunciation. After the hymn was sung by the congregation, he opened the Testament and commenced reading portions of the 22d chapter of St. Luke, relative to Peter's denial of Christ, commenting upon them as he proceeded in a conversational manner.

He occupied about fifteen minutes in this portion of the service, and after the singing of another hymn, he took for his text the 62 verse of the same chapter: "And Peter went out and wept bitterly."

The subject he proposed to expound to his hearers was True Penitence, and he would use the case of Peter to illustrate. 1st, its cause; 2d, its object; 3d, its nature; 4th, its signs; 5th, the place for repentance, and 6th, its effect. He took up each of these three divisions of his subject separately, his manner being that of a person in careless conversation with one or two friends. Most of his time he leaned down with his elbows on the Bible, but occasionally rose as he fired up with his subject with startling energy and thrilling effect. Still it appeared so entirely natural that no one could possibly accuse him of any studied effort. In fact, his style and language rather impress one with the feeling that he speaks without preparation, and without caring whether he pleases or displeases his hearers.

His easy and graceful conversational manner is undoubtedly the secret of his success, whilst his earnest and impressive style must always carry with it a conviction of deep toned piety. Several times during his discourse he repudiated sectarianism, declared that it had nothing to do with true religion—that men were wasting their energies and throwing dissensions into the Kingdom of Christ on earth by the discussion and propagation of views and doctrines that are of no importance.

I perceived by a notice on the wall that his congregation are raising funds to build an immense tabernacle, capable of accommodating ten thousand persons. A portion of the funds has already been raised, and I learn that if he visits America it will be with a view of raising a sufficiency to complete the undertaking. The Surrey Gardens, in which he preaches in the morning, are full six miles from his own church, and it is the only place of sufficient capacity to hold the crowds that follow him that can be obtained at present.

His style of preaching is more that of the Methodist than Baptist pulpit, and a Methodist congregation under one of his stirring discourses would be very apt to respond with the enthusiasm that usually accompanies the powerful exhortations of Father Slicer.

## The Hostile Old Squire.

In the year '49 we lived in a beautiful village in this State, near the mountains.—About two miles from the Court House was the plantation of old 'Squire W., a portly and somewhat pompous old gentleman. His residence was a large one and his grounds were improved with considerable taste. He delighted to speak of his operations at home, although his English was not unlike that of the celebrated Mrs. Partington. Low country planters in going to their summer retreats in Henderson and Buncombe counties, North Carolina, frequently stopped at the Squire's in preference to the hotels of the village.

On one occasion a neighbor riding by the 'Squire's place, saw him superintending the planting of trees. "Hallo, 'Squire," said Will, "what are you doing?" "Why don't you, see," replied he, "I'm planting a revenue of artificial trees. I'm fixin' up things, you'd better believe. I'm a going to run a pizarra round my house and put a condition to it and then I can entertain my low-country customers in a more hostile manner." Will left him "spotly."

The 'Squire lives not at the old homestead now. Another is proprietor of the "revenue of artificial trees."—*Pee Dee Times.*

The Croup.—The Journal of Health says:

When a child is taken with croup instantly apply cold water—ice water if possible—suddenly and freely to the neck and chest with a sponge. The breathing will almost instantly be relieved. Soon as possible let the sufferer drink as much as it can; then wipe it dry, cover it warm, and soon a quiet slumber will relieve all anxiety." A friend of ours who has repeatedly tried this remedy informs us that it never failed to afford almost instant relief.

The Use of Trials.—It is not in light and sunny places of the wilderness that the traveler most sweetly reposes. It is under the shadow of the great rock, or in the depth of a sequestered valley; and it is so with a Christian. The sun of prosperity withers our joys, and changes the green leaves into the sickly colors of autumn. Adversity is like winter, which prepares the ground for the reception of the seed, and for the rich and glowing luxuriance of spring.

At Lynn, the other day, a Sunday school teacher asked a little girl who the first man was. She answered that she did not know. The question was put to the next, an Irish child, who answered, "Adam, sir," with apparent satisfaction. "La," said the first scholar, "you needn't feel so grand about it, he wasn't an Irishman!"

## Our State Election.

Such of the *know-nothing* papers in North Carolina as the Wadesboro' *Argus*, Iredell *Express*, and others, which manifest a willingness to coalesce with the Black Republicans in the ensuing Presidential Election, seem to be highly elated at what they are pleased to regard a Democratic defeat; but a rough calculation of the returns will demonstrate that they have little cause to rejoice.

Persistent repetitions of alarming falsehoods so suddenly poured out upon a quiet people as to escape a full exposure, unparalleled frauds by our opponents, a want of a thorough and effective organization of our friends, have, it is true, resulted in electing four instead of two know-nothings to Congress in North Carolina; but an examination of the returns will show that the democrats, if united, harmonious, and active, are as strong in this State to-day as they have been for years; and that a thorough organization and a united effort will secure us a decisive victory at our ensuing Presidential election.

The whole vote of the State for Messrs. Bragg and Gilmer numbered a little over 100,000; and at the election of Gov. Ellis the vote was a little less; but now, from the returns of the Congressional election, as well as can be estimated, the whole vote in the State falls short more than 20,000: and yet notwithstanding this great decrease in the votes polled, the Democratic majorities all summed up together, will be near ten thousand, clearly showing that when the Presidential election shall bring out the full vote of the State, the Democratic majority will be quite as large, if not larger, than at the last election for Governor.

All that is necessary to give the vote of North Carolina to the nominee of the Charleston Convention, is union and harmony among ourselves, and a thorough organization in every part of the State. Personal aspirations and individual intrigues for promotion must not be permitted to interfere, and thus prevent the triumph of correct principles.

*Salisbury Banner.*

## The Breweries of London.

Of the seventeen great London Breweries, the house of Trueman, Hanbury, Buxton & Co., stood last year at the top of the list, having consumed 140,000 quarters of mall, and paid to the excise £180,000, or enough to build two ninety-gun ships, at the usual cost of a thousand pounds per gun. The visitor in proceeding through this establishment realizes, perhaps better than in any place, the enormous scale in which certain creature comforts for the use of the town are produced. As he walks by the huge boilers in which 1600 barrels are brewed nearly every day, or makes the circuit of the four great vats each containing 80,000 gallons of liquor, or loses himself among the labyrinth of 135 enormous reservoirs, which altogether hold 3,500,000 gallons—he begins to fancy himself an inhabitant of Lilliput who has gone astray in a Brobdignagian cellar.

There is a popular notion that the far-famed London Stout owes its flavor to the Thames water; this, however, is a "vulgar error." Not even the Messrs. Barclay who are upon the stream, draw any of their supplies from that source, but it is got from wells, and those sunk so deep, that they and the Messrs. Calvert whose brewery is half a mile distant, upon the opposite side of the rtver, find they are rivals for the same spring. When one brewery pumps, it drains the wells of the other, and the firms are obliged to obtain their water on alternate days. Whether it is owing to the increase of the great breweries and other manufactories, which alone consume millions of barrels of water yearly, we know not, but it is an ascertained fact that the depth of water in the London wells has for the last twenty-five years been diminishing at the rate of a foot a year. "It is comforting to reflect," said one of the great brewers, "that the reason simply is, because the water which used to be buried under ground, is now brought up to fill the bodies, wash the faces, and turn the wheels of two millions and a half of people."

## Calling Things by their right Names.

We make the extract below from the literary column of the Charleston Mercury. The writer tears away the flimsy veil with which many nice people of the present day attempt to hide the deformities of vice, and demands that we shall call things by their right names. Those who are in the habit of calling a gambler, a sporting gentleman, &c., we commend the following wholesome advice:

"Names are things, sir. When you get to distinguishing a vice by some vague, namby-pamby, meaningless phrase, you strip the vice of what is repulsive in it. And this is one of those sad compromises with vice, which this age, under the notion of delicacy, is perpetually making. The practice finally reconciles us to the vice! It loses its horrid characteristics when you dress it up daintily in purple and fine linen. No body sees it fairly—or only sees it fairly (when you should see it foully)—when you mask it with some lackadaisical, meaningless phraseology. We grow as Pope says—

'Familiar with its face,—
And first endure, then pity, then embrace!'

I do not know anything which has done more mischief to virtue, and youth, and innocence, propriety and good manners, than this nice tampering with language in regard to the otherwise hideous immoralities which prevail in society."

Fatal and Distressing Accident.—On Friday last Henry, the eldest son of the Hon. Kenneth Rayner, residing in this City, repaired with his little brother to the woods north of his father's house, for the purpose of hunting with his gun. In a short time the report of the gun was heard, and soon after the shocking intelligence was received that Henry was mortally wounded. He was found in a few minutes afterwards, lifeless, having accidentally shot himself, the load of the gun entering beneath his chin and passing out through the crown of his head. He was a sprightly and promising boy. His funeral took place at the residence of his father on Saturday evening at five o'clock. His school-mates, the pupils of Mr. Lovejoy's Academy, who were much attached to him, attended his remains to the grave.—*Raleigh Standard.*

Knavery is the worst trade.

FROM THE SOUTHERN GUARDIAN.

## The Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company.

The annual meeting of Stockholders in this Company convened in the Court House at Spartanburg on the 24th inst., and adjourned on the 25th.

The Convention was organized by calling Gen. Edwards to the chair, and appointing J. H. Evins, Esq., to act as Secretary.

The Committee on proxies reported a majority of the stock represented at an early stage of the meeting.

J. L. Young, President, and G. D. Peake, Engineer and Superintendent, each read their reports, which were referred to a committee on Reports, consisting of Gen. J. M. Gadberry, T. M. Lyles, John Drummond, G. Cannon and Dr. Boyd. These reports were highly satisfactory, and the committee complimented the officers for their industry and attention to the business of the Company.—The Finance committee reported that they had examined the accounts and vouchers of the various officers, and found them correct, and recommended that a permanent Treasurer be employed to take charge of all the receipts and disbursements of the Company.

The former Committee on proxies continued for the next year.

Any officers or delegates from other Railroad Companies were invited to take seats in the Convention.

The next annual meeting appointed to take place at Unionville on the second Wednesday of August, 1860.

The following persons were elected to serve as officers for the ensuing year, viz: J. L. Young, President; Simpson Bobo, G. W. H. Legg, Govan Mills, S. N. Evins, J. W. Miller, W. J. Keenan, T. N. Dawking, F. Scaife, T. B. Jeter, W. J. Alston, John Drummond and G. S. Cameron, Directors.

The receipts have greatly increased the past month, since the road has been opened above Unionville, and there is no question but the income will continue to increase as the road advances. The coming and going to institutions of learning—to watering places for health and for pleasure—the travel and trade of the surrounding and country above, will make a profitable business for the company.

The stockholders have been waiting and hoping for this desired result. The officers have labored long and continued to persevere and advance through financial embarrassment—through bluffs, rock and land slides—amid mishaps and casualties, by flood and by fire—against the opposition of enemies and the chilling influences of rival interests—and report that the road will be completed to Spartanburg in November next.

The Committee on reports devoted much consideration to a subject suggested by the President recommending the extension of the road by aiding or uniting with the French Broad Railroad Company.

Col. Woodfin, President of this Company, and Gen. Edney were present as representatives of the company from North Carolina.—They both made forcible speeches on the necessity and importance of constructing said Railroad. Col. Woodfin is a close reasoner and arrives at conclusions in a logical kind of way. Stated their subscriptions of stock amounted to over half a million of dollars, and would soon be increased to three quarters of a million—that the Tennessee portion of the road beyond Paint Rock, to connect with roads now in operation, was already provided for. He said the old Louisville, Cincinnati and Charleston Railroad scheme was the great object of his heart—had given more attention and consideration to that than any other. The route was carefully and accurately surveyed and estimated by one of the ablest corps of engineers ever organized in the United States—that the French Broad Valley, Butt Mountain Gap, Spartanburg and Columbia, are almost on a direct line between Cincinnati and Charleston—that the Butt Mountain Gap was the best pass which could any where be found across the Blue Ridge Mountains to connect the West with the Southern seaboard—that roads have been built on portions of the old line and surveys made on other parts of it, and the estimates found to be exceedingly correct and reliable. Why not be so on this division? From Spartanburg to Paint Rock was estimated to cost (say in round numbers) two millions and a half of dollars—can this amount be raised? About one fourth of it has been subscribed by counties and solvent individuals in North Carolina. What will Spartanburg do?—What will Union do? What will Columbia do? What will the State of South Carolina do?

The ablest men of South Carolina said twenty years ago that by the Butt Mountain Gap and French Broad Valley was the only practicable route, without tunnels and inclined planes, to unite the South and the West together at a reasonable cost. What said the lamented Hayne! What said the worthy dead, Blanding, Elmore and others? It is a matter of record. What was right THEN, can not be wrong NOW. Financial embarrassment caused the enterprise to be abandoned, it was dear to the hearts of the people and would be resuscitated. Will not the great men of that day, yet alive, return to their first love and complete this great work?

The improvement of the age, the social intercourse of society, the development of the country and the commercial interests of the States demand it.

Gen. Edney spoke at length on the subject. He gave a glowing description of the fertile vallies and rich coves on the sources of the French Broad—that nature beheld the future wants of teeming millions, and formed the French Broad Valley, only requiring some chiselings of art to be ready for the track. That such route to scale the mountain range could not be found from Maine to the Montezuma ridge. He took his hearers on the wings of fancy, over rich valleys and mountain gorges where the water flows from icy fissures colder than ice, over towering cliffs beholding the most majestic scenery, and let them down through the ordoriferous sweets of mountain flowers. I was lost in wonder and astonishment, and can not attempt the most meagre report. Such a speech is seldom heard and was highly appreciated.

Messrs. Cannon, Dawkins, Bobo, and others of the largest stockholders and most distinguished men in the Spartanburg and Union Railroad Company made speeches in favor of the extension.

The directors were authorized to devise some ways and means of raising $200,000 of stock for the French Broad Railroad Company—in other words for the extension of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad.

It was resolved that there should be but one Company from Spartanburg to Paint Rock on the Tennessee line.

You will please publish the above abstract of the actings and doings at said meeting for the information of the one thousand and eighty six Stockholders in the Company, and for all others who may feel an interest in such matters, and oblige an

Observer.

## Railroad Meeting.

To-day the Stockholders of our Railroad meet. What is to be done in regard to the extension over the mountains? The work is going on, and in a short time will be completed to Spartanburg. Shall it stop? We say No. It cannot—it will and must go on. The timid and the miser may hold back, and may even throw impediments in the way, but the masses are moving. The people are coming forward, and will prove by their actions and conduct that they are willing and ready to co operate in the great work.

The grand work is to break down the mountain barriers and unite (with iron rails) the South and West together.

The wants of our mountain country, and the fertile plains and vallies beyond, demand a sure and prompt conveyance by which their numerous productions can be thrown into the markets of the world, and their returns speedily and cheaply received. The commercial interests of the State, the improvement of society, and advancement of the age, the social welfare and prosperity of the people require it. South Carolina will certainly do as much for the French Broad Railroad as for the Blue Ridge. The objects to be accomplished are as great, the country as desirable, and the people equally as deserving, while the difficulties to be encountered are but as a mole hill to a mountain.

With the facilities of a railroad, our mountain country would become the garden spot of the world—most romantic and beautiful scenery, pure cold water, mineral springs, delightful and refreshing breezes, sweet flowers, and delicious fruits—in a word, every thing to make life desirable, and render a man happy and comfortable. Who would not desire a mountain home, with a picturesque and charming cottage garden? Industry would be stimulated, and proper attention given to Agriculture, Manufactures, and the Mechanic Arts. Nature seems to have designed portions of this country for great mechanical workshops. It is interspersed with oars of various kinds in great abundance; streams affording the finest water-power, with some of the most eligible sites for manufaturing establishments. The population would be increased, and villages built up in all directions. The present inhabitants are intelligent, kind, and hospitable.—They enjoy all the elements for prosperity and greatness, and when the *iron horse* shall snort among them, it will stimulate their energies and cause them to become the most thriving people on earth.—*Spartanburg Express.*

Death of Col. T. P. Brockman.—We regret to learn that Hon. T. P. Brockman, of Greenville, was stricken with paralysis, at a camp meeting, near Dr. Manning Austin's, on Sabbath, the 14th, and died on Saturday night, 20th instant.—*Spartanburg Spartan.*

United States Mail Line,

FROM

**Asheville to Charlotte.**

DAILY.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the traveling public to the above line of

DAILY STAGES,

connecting at Charlotte with the Daily Trains on the Columbia and Charlotte, and the North Carolina Rail Roads.

To persons going East this is the cheapest as well as the most direct route; and passes through one of the most romantic and beautiful regions of Western Carolina. Running in full view of the celebrated

HICKORY NUT FALLS,

in day light, the traveler has an opportunity of viewing that magnificent and wonderful work of nature. A fine view is also obtained of the loftiest peaks of the world-renowned

BLACK MOUNTAIN.

Many other noted localities cannot fail to interest the traveler.

New and splendid Coaches, fine Stock and the very best Drivers, will insure the comfort, speed and safety of passengers.

Office at Charlotte: Kerr's Hotel.
" " Asheville: Gudger's Hotel.

J. F. SULLIVAN,
*Contractor.*

July 7, 1859. 6m

☞Charlotte Democrat copy 6 months.

**FAMILY GROCERY**
*AND*
**CONFECTIONARY.**

THE subscribers having determined to supply Asheville, and vicinity, with what has been long needed, a first class

**FAMILY GROCERY,**

are now receiving a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting in part of Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Fish, Cheese, Crackers, Pickles, Candies, Raisins, Almonds, Toys of every kind, and a general stock of Fancy Goods, making their establishment a genuine

*VARIETY STORE.*

They have a choice stock of Cigars and Tobacco. They invite the public to call and examine their assortment, and they will find every article fresh and excellent, and prices extremely low.—Store nearly opposite Gaines, Deaver & Co., in the brick house long known as the Drug Store.

PATTON & YOUNG.

P. S.—No Books kept in the establishment.
Dec. 2, 1858.

**BEEF! BEEF!!**

The subscribers take this mode of notifying their old friends and customers that they will next week open a regular beef market again. Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, they will be prepared to furnish the public with the best beef the country affords.

WHITE & ISRAEL.

Asheville, June 23, 1859. tf.

**NOTICE.**

BOOKS of Subscription will be opened at the following places, under the direction of the following persons, and remain open for the space of sixty days from the date hereof, for the purpose of raising the one third of the estimated cost of constructing the Second Division of the Western North Carolina Rail Road, extending West from the Town of Morganton, in the county of Burke, viz:

At Asheville, under the direction of James W. Patton, John Burgin, Marcus Erwin, Robert B. Vance, and John W. Woodfin, or any three of them.

At Marion, under the direction of Alfred M. Finley, S. J. Neal, Alney Burgin, jr., Alfred M. Erwin, and Alberto Higgins, or any three of them.

At Morganton, under the direction of Edward Jones Erwin, Dr. Samuel Tate, William M. Walton, Jacob Seagle, and W. C. Erwin, or any three of them.

At Newton, under the direction of J. Bost, George Setser, John Wilfong, David B. Gaither, and M. L. McCorkle, or any three of them.

At Statesville, under the direction of Jos. W. Stockton, Otho Gillespie, C. A. Carlton, A. K. Simonton, and M. Freeland, or any three of them.

At Salisbury, under the direction of D. A. Davis, John I. Shaver, James Kerr, N. N. Fleming, and J. J. Bruner, or any three of them.

Commissioners will please return Books of Subscription at the expiration of the sixty days, addressed to me at Statesville.

By order of the Directors.

R. F. SIMONTON,
*Secretary & Treasurer.*

Office W. N. C. R. R. Co.,
Statesville, Aug. 10, 1859. 8w

**GUDGER'S HOTEL,**

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THIS old and well known establishment (formerly Smith's Hotel,) is now in thorough repair, and the Proprietor determined to render the House attractive to its numerous patrons and friends, and the public generally.

He has pleasant rooms and attentive servants, and his table shall at all times be furnished with the very best the country affords.

He has fine stables with plenty in them, and faithful hostlers.

His charges are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Board per day, | $1 00 |
| " " week | 5 00 |
| " " month, | 15 00 |

Children and servants two thirds price.

The Proprietor, with good Assistants, will ever be found ready to contribute to the comfort and pleasure of guests.

J. H. GUDGER, Proprietor.

July 7, 1859. tf

**Buggy and Harness.**

GAINES, DEAVER & CO. have on hand a No. 1 Buggy for sale, made to order. Any person wishing to buy would do well to give them a call. June 16—tf

**LEATHER.**

UPPER and Sole, always on hand at
SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO'S.

**NEWTON ACADEMY.**

THE session at this Academy will commence on the 3d Monday of May next under the charge of Rev. JACOB HOOD as Principal, whose reputation as a Teacher is well known throughout this country.

The session will continue five months, and the following rates of Tuition will be charged, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| Orthography, Reading, Writing and Primary Arithmetic, per session, | $ 6 00 |
| Geography, English Grammar, and Arithmetic *continued*, | 8 00 |
| All other English Branches, | 10 00 |
| Latin, French and Greek, | 12 00 |
| Contingent fee, payable in advance, | 1 00 |

Tuition due at the end of the session, and will be charged from the time of entrance to the close of the session. Deduction made only in cases of continued sickness.

This Academy is a beautiful new Building, situate on the Plank Road, one and one quarter of a mile south of Asheville, on an elevated position, near to a *good Buncombe spring*, and in a thickly settled neighborhood, where boarding can be had on moderate terms; and the entire country around is as beautiful and as healthy as can be found any where.

M. PATTON,
*Pres. of Board of Trustees.*

April 7, 1859. tf

**PILES. FISTULA,**

*Strictures, Tumors, Cancers, Scrofula, &c.*

PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success, will be forwarded to any that wish them. Those wishing to test the efficacy of Dr. Clopton's Wonderful Remedies, must give a correct description of the disease, its appearance in its incipient stage, present condition, location, &c.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications. Address,

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.,
Huntsville, Ala.

March 24, 1859. 1y.

Reems Creek, N. C., April 25, 1859.

Dr. J. A. Clopton—*Dear Sir:* Yours dated 3d inst., came to hand about ten days ago. I should have written sooner but got one of my hands badly hurt. The Ointment I got from you, I think three years ago, made a perfect cure of a sore on my face of long standing. It has been a neglect in me not to acknowledge it sooner.—There are two men in my neighborhood afflicted with cancer. I presume these cases have too far advanced to be cured. E. H. McClure has one which began just under the eye, and has gone round the eye. The eye if not destroyed is sunk. Robert Hunter's began close to his ear where the jaw bone works up to the ear, now spread all round, got down on his neck. I done my best two years ago for them to go and see you. Hunter started, got into Georgia, met with some old woman who undertook his case and he turned back. Willis Lunsford took my advice, he got the Ointment from you some months ago, he is now completely cured. The place I described to you on my breast I think is probably cured or checked for the present.

Respectfully yours,
WM. COLEMAN.

**DR. H. G. LUNGREN,**

HAVING permanently located in Franklin, Macon county, N. C., offers his services to the inhabitants of said county and those adjoining. Dr. L. has been heretofore employed as Chief Resident Physician to the Northern Clinical Infirmary of Philadelphia, where he has met with and successfully treated diseases of both chronic and acute nature.

Dr. L. will be found at his office in Col. Moore's building, at all times, unless professionally engaged.

Dr. L. will visit the town of Webster on the last three days of each month, for the purpose of prescribing for Chronic diseases. Those afflicted will please take notice. He offers this card through numerous solicitations from different persons. The Dr. can be found at Mr. Allison's Hotel.

Franklin, April 15th, 1858.

BLANKS

Of every description always on hand and for sal at this Office.

THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.
THOMAS W. ATKIN, Editor.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
Thursday, Sept. 1, 1859.

## TERMS.

The News is published weekly, at $2 per annum, strictly in advance; $2 50 if paid at the end of six months, or $3 if not paid until the expiration of the year. Clubs of ten or more at $1 50, invariably in advance.

☞Mr. H. K. Rhea *is authorized to receive subscriptions to the News.*

## The Right Sort of Work.

James T. Pearson, Esq., of Morganton, will accept our thanks for a list of ten subscribers, accompanied with the money. This letter, just upon the heels of the election, is quite suggestive. It shows very unmistakably that the Democratic fires are not quenched by the late contest, disastrous as it was to some extent; and that the gallant spirits of the party, instead of being cowed and disheartened, are preparing in earnest for the next conflict. Right is sure to triumph, and all that is necessary is thorough organization and the liberal circulation of Democratic newspapers. We hope to see so good an example as has been set by Mr. Pearson widely followed, and every county in the District well furnished with political truth, and conquest is easy and victory sure. Who shall we hear from next?—Democrats, give us proper support and encouragement and we will furnish you a paper second to none in the State.

☞The farm of the late Capt. Thomas Foster, consisting of about 600 acres, 2½ miles from this place, was sold last Thursday by the Executors for $17,000. Mr. J. C. Davidson became the purchaser.

Fine Wheat.—Col. George W. Hampton, of this county, has shown us a specimen of very fine wheat, grown upon his farm on Newfound Creek. From 3 1-4 acres he made 80 bushels of fine clean Wheat. We like to record such things, for they show the productive capacity of Buncombe lands, and indicate what could be done under improved tillage and more favorable circumstances. Col. Hampton is one of the best farmers in this country.

☞We were truly happy to have a call from Frank I. Wilson, Esq., associate editor of the Raleigh Standard, a few days since. He is looking well and as usual is full of life. "Frank" is a favorite with all who know him, and deservedly so. He inflated his lungs a few times with our pure mountain air, and then vamosed for his "den" at Raleigh.

☞Mr. Elias Sales, aged about fifty years, one of the best citizens and cleverest men in this county, died at his residence six miles from this place, of typhoid fever, on the morning of the 25th ult. Peace to the ashes of the good man!

☞Jackson Stewart, who was arrested in South Carolina on a charge of counterfeiting, who gave bond for his appearance, forfeited his bond, was again arrested and carried before Judge Biggs at Williamston last week, was taken through this place on Saturday on his way to the Western part of the State; the Judge having kindly allowed him another opportunity to obtain bail. Should he fail to do this, he will be taken to Columbia, S. C., and committed to prison to stand his trial.—*Raleigh Standard.*

Jackson was brought back to this place, gave the required bail, and returned to his home in Yancy.

Sam. Houston.—The New York Herald describes Gen. Houston as a "national, conservative, Union-loving, discord-hating, convention-despising, anti-slave trade, anti-abolition, anti-Know Nothing Pacific Railroad, Cuba-acquisition, Mexico-Protectorate, administion-supporting, woman-adoring old fogy Democrat of the old school."

North Carolina Roll of Honor.—The following is a list of revolutionary soldiers supposed to be living, and pensioners on the roll of the State of North Carolina, with their ages, in 1859: Cornelius Clements, Rutherford county, 102 years; John Brooks, Robeson county, 102 years; David Cockerham, Surry county, 96 years; Edwin Hickman, Stokes county, 96 years; Moses Jones, Orange county, 97 years; Alexander Lemonds, Rockingham county, 98 years; James Nicholston, Stokes county, 97 years; George Roberts, Buncombe county, 101 years.

Prices of Negroes.—The Abingdon (Va.) *Democrat*, of the 26th ult. says: A large sale of negroes, belonging to Col. Thos. L. Preston, took place here last Monday. There was a large number of persons in attendance—among whom were several Southern planters. The prices ranged very high—being an average, for big, little, old and young, of $1,000. Jim Wallis, a favorite servant, with his child, brought $2,975! A blacksmith brought $2,425, and many ranged from $1,200 to $1,600. The whole amount of the sale of negroes was $37,000.

Several negroes belonging to the Worley estate were sold at the same time. Girls brought from $1,200 to $1,400.

Counting their Men.—The New York *Tribune* suggests a new combination for the Presidential campaign, embracing all the elements that it presumes would contribute to a Republican victory. Here are some of the ingredients:

"Looking to the North, we regard as coming within the scope of the organization we have indicated, all such Democrats as John H. Reynolds, Horace F. Clark, Garnett B. Adrain, J. W. Forney, and John Hickman; and all such Americans as Nathaniel S. Benton, Daniel Ullman, James H. Campbell, Henry M. Fuller and Willard Millward. At the South, unless we misunderstand their position, it would embrace such men as John Bell, Edward Bates, H. Winter Davis, John M. Botts, Emmerson Etheridge and Kenneth Rayner."

☞The Washington States notices a rumor that Secretary Floyd is about to retire from the Cabinet from ill health and says that the position will probably be tendered to Hon. Charles J. Faulkner, of Virginia.

☞Blondin, at Niagara, on the 18th instant crossed the rope over the river with a man on his back. During the performance, a row occured, when a man named Colwell, 60 years of age, was thrown over the river bank and killed.

## Decisions of the Supreme Court.

The Judges of the Supreme Court, now in session at Morganton, have delivered opinions in the following named cases, to wit:

*By Pearson, C. J.*

In Sudderth vs. Harden et al, and Harden vs. Sudderth, Equity from Ashe.—Account ordered.

Patterson vs. Miller, Equity from Caldwell.—Injunction dissolved.

Pace vs. Metcalf, Equity from Polk.—Decree affirmed.

Justice vs. Carroll and others, Equity from Cleaveland.—Bill dismissed with costs.

Halyburton vs. Oats & Folger, Equity from McDowell.—Order affirmed.

Cole and others vs. Dixon and others, Equity from Macon.—Bill dismissed.

State on the relation of Garron vs. Maxwell and others, from Henderson.—Judgment affirmed.

Hardy vs. McKesson, from Buncombe.—Judgment reversed and non suit.

Woodfin vs. Asheville Mut. In. Co., from Buncombe.—Judgment affirmed.

Den on demise of N. Blackstock vs. T. J. & J. Cole, from Buncombe.—Judgment reversed and *venire de novo.*

Brown vs. Tomlinson and others, Equity from Ashe.—Decree for plaintiff.

W. S. Mills et al vs. Mills & Baxter, Equity from Polk.—Report set aside and bill dismissed.

Blair vs. Horton, from Caldwell.—Judgment affirmed.

Smith and others vs. Dougherty and others, Equity from Ashe.—Plaintiff entitled to decree.

Hornock and others vs. Bridges, in Equity from Cleaveland.—Bill dismissed.

Douthard and wife vs. Bodenhamer, in Equity from Henderson.—Limitation not too remote.

Schenck & Son vs. Lattemore et al.—Ref. entitled to relief prayed for.

Den on demise of McClain vs. Moore, from Polk.—Reversed and judgment for Ref.

Fortune vs. Harris, from McDowell.—Judgment affirmed.

*By Battle, Judge.*

State vs. Black, from Lincoln.—Judgment affirmed.

Davis et al. vs. Miller, Equity from Watauga. Demurer overruled.

Haden vs. Rowe, Equity from Polk.—Referred to Clerk.

Elliott vs. Porter and wife, Equity from Cleveland.—Decree for sale and account.

Gregg & Williams, Ex., vs. Williams et al, in Equity from Cleaveland.—Judgment affirmed.

Den on demise of Myers et al, vs. Gibbs, from Henderson.—Judgment affirmed.

Den on demise of McCall vs. Sellers.—Judgment affirmed.

Wingate vs. Sluder, from Buncombe.—Judgment affirmed.

Kesey vs. Williams, from Buncombe.—Judgment affirmed.

Smith vs. Deaver & Deaver, from Madison.—Judgment affirmed.

Phillips vs. Thomas, Equity from Ashe.—Bill dismissed.

Miller vs. McCanless, Equity from Watauga.—Demurrer overruled, Def't to answer.

Bryan vs. Brooks, from Ashe.—Judgment affirmed.

Shuford vs. Cline, from Catawba.—Bill dismissed with costs.

Cowels vs. Pruitt, from Wilkes.—Bill dismissed.

Stone vs. Stone, from Gaston.—Decree for Pltff.

Blanton vs. Scroggins, from Rutherford.—Bill dismissed.

Wilson vs. Ossevilt, from Iredell.—*Venire de novo.*

*By Ruffin, Judge.*

Mills vs. Cansler, from Polk.—Decree affirm'd.

A. J. Murray, to the use of Burkhaven, vs. Edmondson, from Jackson.—Judgment affirmed.

Hotchkiss and wife vs. Thomas, from Macon. Judgment affirmed.

C. C. Jones vs. Hagler, Ex., from Caldwell.—Judgment affirmed.

J. C. Blair vs. Horton and others, from Caldwell.—Judgment affirmed.

D. Fronebarger & Co., vs. Henry, from Buncombe.—Judgment reversed and *venire de novo.*

Barrett to the use of Smith vs. Eller, from Buncombe.—Judg't reversed and *venire de novo.*

Holland vs. Mosteller, from Catawba,—Judgment affirmed.

Calloway, Adm., vs. Bryan, from Wilkes.—Judgment affirmed.

State vs. West, from Burke.—No error.

Sehon vs. Williams, from Ashe.—Judgment reversed and *venire de novo.*

Ramsour vs. Barrett et al.—Demurrer overruled with costs.

Den on demise of Freeman vs. Loftis, from Henderson.—Judgment affirmed.

Parker vs. Parker et al, from Rutherford.—Decree for sale.

## A Party Without Principles.

The fact becomes more apparent every day, (says the Richmond Examiner,) that the only party at the South which will be arrayed against the Democracy in 1860, is made up of men once members of the Whig party, and who, since the down-fall of that party, have been kept in antagonism to the Democracy solely by hereditary hatred. The columns of every paper devoted to the interests of the Opposition in the Southern States may be searched in vain for any programme of governmental measures to be inaugurated by the Opposition should it get the control of the Government, or for any declaration of the principles and policy by which the administration of the Government will be guided. So far, as appears from any developments already made, the only thing which pompts the organization of an Opposition at the South at all is an insane desire to overthrow the Democracy, if by chance something may come of it. What that something is to be, at whose advantage it is to enure, whether indeed any advantage can accrue to anybody from such a change in the Government, are questions about which the leaders of the Opposition in the South do not seem to give themselves the slighest trouble. All they wish or desire is to overthrow the Democratic party—that is the Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the end, of all the appeals and pronunciamentos which they put forth to the public.

☞Great political excitement in California. The grossest personalities were indulged between Senators Gwyn and Broderick.

☞The Spartanburg and Union Rail Road Company have subscribed $200,000 to the capital stock of the French Broad Rail Road.

## Mass Meeting at Tunnel Hill.

Great preparation were made by the friends of the Blue Ridge Rail Road for holding a mass meeting at Tunnel Hill. The meeting came off on the 19th, and from the report published in the South Carolinian we make the following extract:

"The number of persons in attendance at the great barbecue on the 19th, has been variously estimated at between four and five thousand.—For several days previous, there had been a constant influx of visitors from most sections of this State, and from Georgia, North Carolina and Tennessee. But on Friday morning all the different lines of road leading to this mountain village, were thronged with every description of vehicles, and many of them containing whole families. At times, we could see a fair countrywoman on horseback, riding over rocky and uneven ground with the ease of an accomplished equestrian. The village itself bore the appearance of a Fourth of July festivity. Flags were suspended from most of the log cabins and residences, others again stretching across the road; while over each shaft was nailed a banner, signifying the progress of the work. Over Nos. 2 and 3 were nailed a banner, with a border of black, and inscribed thereon, "Suspended for want of Means." At each arrival, the new comers were sure to be welcomed by some of the villagers, and frequently by some acquaintances, who had preceded them.—At a little after 8 a. m., the orator of the day, Maj. B. F. Perry, arrived, and was escorted by the President, Hon. E. Frost, to the entrance of the tunnel. A large party inspected the tunnel with the above gentlemen. At 9 a. m., the Governor and Staff arrived, and were conducted over the works. As the Governor's party were leaving the tunnel, the workmen simultaneously ceased work, and turning round, with their heads and lamps in a row, gave three cheers for the Governor, three for South Carolina, and another for the Stump House Tunnel. Before reaching the mouth, some seven or eight blasts went off, making a deafening noise, and resembling so many blasts of thunder or roars of artillery.—One, who was taken by surprise almost jumped from the car in which he was standing."

A Close Vote.—In the 9th Congressional District of Tennessee, the majority for Etheridge is only 8—so says the Appeal. The whole vote given was 18,867.

☞Stout, Democrat, is elected to Congress from Oregon by forty-five majority. This is official. The congratulations of the Republican press were premature.

☞Wise of the Richmond *Enquirer*, and Ould of the Richmond *Examiner*, left Washington on the 20th inst. at midnight, to settle an affair of honor, in the vicinity.

☞A negro woman of H. M. Kilpatrick's, of Rutherford, N. C., committed suicide by hanging herself the other day. She had been punished for some misdemeanor.

☞The Carolina Spartan says a friend who is posted in weatherology, predicts that we will have frost by the 28th September. So look out, farmers.

☞We are informed (says the Memphis Appeal) officially on Monday that Hon. C. Johnson had resigned the Presidency of the State Bank of Tennessee.

☞It has been ascertained that the Democratic majority in the Kentucky State Senate will be ten, and in the House eighteen; on joint ballot, twenty-eight.

Influence of Railroads.—As an instance of the prosperity dispensing influence of railroads, says the Greenville Alabamian, we cite the enhanced value of real estate in Butler county for the years from the first projecting of the Montgomery and Pensacola road to its completion to Greenville. The following figures are an eloquent commentary. We give the year and the corresponding total value of real estate:

| Year. | Value of Real Estate. |
|---|---|
| 1853 (survey commenced) | $ 531,015 |
| 1854 | 572,303 |
| 1855 (grading commenced) | 891,175 |
| 1856 | 1,247,458 |
| 1857 | 1,760,368 |
| 1858 | 1,825,983 |
| 1859 (will be over) | 2,000,000 |

FOR THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

Beaver Creek, N. C., Aug. 6, 1859.

Dear Sir—The following lines were written by one of my pupils, on seeing a goodly portion of nonsense spread over some of the copy books of the pupils, by some strolling students of Davidson College, on their way to the Black Mountain. It would gratify the pupils of this Academy, and perhaps teach a useful lesson to those concerned, to have it published.

Yours, respectfully,
H. M. STOKES, Principal.

Way down in the south, at Davidson College,
While some are seeking for genuine knowledge,
Others are over the country roving,
Their teachers, themselves and class-mates exposing.
To prove that what I say is true,
Some seven young men, to take a view,
Did pass this way, and cut a swell
That suited their complexions well.
Perhaps it would not be amiss
To give a little sketch of this.
Each face look'd dignified and freckled,
Their clothes with sweat and dirt were speckled.
There's no excuse for them to render,
For one had on a lone suspender,
His hair was tangled in a mat,
A leathern ribbon grac'd his hat.
When they arrived at Beaver Creek,
Into th' Academy they did sneak,
And tried their best to cut a caper,
I' the use of pens and ink and paper.
But vain the use for them to try,
And I will give the reason why:
Their heads were destitute of knowledge,
Altho' they'd just broke loose from College;
They showed no manners, sense or grace,
In all they did while at this place.
I hope they will from this take warning,
And know that courtesy's akin to learning.
Dear College friends, when this you see
I trust you will remember me,
And bear in mind that little freak
You tried to make at Beaver Creek.
DISCIPULUS.

Dying.—Benjamin F. Taylor, of the Chicago Journal, draws the following beautiful picture in reference to the certain departure for that "undiscovered country."

There is a dignity about that going away alone, which we call dying—that wrapping of the mantle of immortality about us; that putting aside with a pale hand the azure curtains that are drawn around this cradle of a world; that venturing away from home for the first time in our lives, for we are dead; there is nothing dead to speak of, and seeing foreign countries not laid down on our maps we have read about. There must be lovely lands somewhere starward, for none ever return that go thither, and we very much doubt if any would if they could.

In what house you enter, remain master of your eyes and tongue.

Fight on a House Top.—Two masons who were employed in building a chimney on top of a new house on Congress street got into a quarrel yesterday in consequence of two free indulgence in intoxicating liquors. They maintained their precarious footing and carried on the dispute by holding to the half finished chimney and striking at each other with trowels over the top of it. This method of fighting being rather slow, one of them snatched up a brick, and, heedless of consequences, hurled it at the other's head. The unfortunate individual who received this salute toppled over and rolled off the roof, while the victor coolly resumed his trowel, and added a few more bricks to the chimney. Hearing no noise below, his curiosity induced him to slide down to the eaves and look over, when his gaze was greeted by the sight of his late antagonist scrambling up a scaffold pole, with vengeance in his eyes and no signs of a broken neck, whereupon he took to flight and slid down on the other side, believing his enemy invincible after undergoing such a tumble.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Question Settled.—The New York Courier and Enquirer says: "The people of the United States have definitely determined to elect William H. Seward to the Presidency in 1860."

Death of Hon. J. A. Davis.—A private despatch from Carlisle, Indiana, announces the death of Hon. J. A. Davis, of that State, formerly Speaker of the United States House of Representatives.

## MARRIED,

On the 28th ult., by C. M. Roberts, Esq., Mr. A. G. Dillingham to Miss Hattie A., daughter of Joseph Barnard, Esq., all of Buncombe.

## Arrivals at the Eagle Hotel.

| | |
|---|---|
| M. P. Baxter, | N. Y. |
| W. B. Withers & servant, | N. C. |
| D. R. Gregg, | S. C. |
| E. M. Gregg, | " |
| Dr. Mayzick & serv. | " |
| A. Robertson, | Bun. Hall. |
| J. M. Pickens, | S. C. |
| W. W. Legare, | " |
| T. R. Legare, | " |
| J. Hames, | N. C. |
| Miss Hames, | " |
| Miss Martin, | " |
| Miss Sanders, | " |
| Jas. D. Moore, | N. C |
| T. W. Murrell, | " |
| F. I Wilson, | " |
| H. B. Sprague, | " |
| A. H. Seabrook, | S. C. |
| Miss Seabrook, | " |
| Dr. Seabrook, | " |
| Miss Seabrook, | " |
| Mrs. Moultrie, | " |
| W. J. Battle, | N. C. |
| Miss L. Williams, | " |
| Miss Shaw, | " |
| Miss Thompson, | " |
| Q. McBee & serv. | S. C. |
| A. McBee, | " |
| B. F. Blassingan, | " |
| T. J. Price, | " |
| James Cooner, | " |
| Miss C. Price, | " |
| J. R. Gilliland, | Tenn. |
| F. A. Carlisle, | S. C. |
| R. M. Lindsey, | " |
| S. M. Rice, Lady & 2 servants, | S. C. |
| Col. J. Cathey, | N. C. |
| W. R. Young, | " |
| Dr. Summerill, | " |
| R. J. Gregory, Lady son & servant, | N. C. |
| John Burgin, | " |
| Miss J. E. Seabrook, | S C. |
| B. F. Wilson, | " |
| O. L. Shaw, | " |
| T. H. Dozier, | Ga. |
| H. C. Reed & Lady, | N C. |
| F. A. Kirkpatrick & Lady, | N. C. |
| A. F. McCoy, | Tenn. |
| N. G. Deloney, | Ga. |
| Rev. F. M. Kennedy | S C. |
| P. E. Harrison, | " |
| Gen. J. W. Harrison, | " |
| Mr. Witherspoon, | " |
| J. M. Bryson, | " |
| J. Harens, | N. C. |
| Miss Harens, | " |
| Miss Martin, | " |
| F. I. Lenoir, | " |
| Miss M. Norwood, | " |
| L. J. Grier, | " |
| Wm. Neilson, | Tenn. |
| J. Mills, | S. C. |
| Thos. Gadsden, | " |
| B. G. McAllister, | Miss. |
| W. F. Henton, Lady, child & serv. | N C. |
| T. W. Murrell, | " |
| M. Gregg, Mother, two sisters, | S. C. |
| W. H. O'Bryan, | " |
| H. R. Banks, wife & son, & Miss Lanneaue, | Charleston, S. C. |
| M. J. Fagg, | Ala. |
| W. C. Camp, | S. C. |
| A. A. Ramsour, | N. C. |
| P. Rutledge, wife and 4 children, | S. C. |
| B. M. Jones, | " |
| W. R. Young, | N. C. |
| G. M. Roberts, | " |
| Rev. B. B. Sams, | S. C. |
| P. E. Harrison, | " |
| Col. B. S. Gaither, | N. C. |
| D. C. Coggins, | " |
| B. P. Fillman. | S. C. |
| S. L. Roper, | " |
| Wm. Bryson, | N. C. |
| Dr. Livingston, | S. C. |
| Mrs. F. A. Hoyt. | " |
| Miss Livingston, | " |

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

HENDERSON COUNTY.

*IN EQUITY.—SPRING TERM,* 1859.

John Ledford and wife, et. al. *vs.* Calvin Edney.

Persuant to an order made at Spring Term, 1859, of the Court of Equity, for Henderson county, in the above entitled cause, the undersigned Clerk & Master will proceed to sell, on the premises, on Saturday the 17th day of September next, the Lands in the pleadings described, to wit:

A certain tract of Land, situate, lying and being in the county of Henderson, on Clear Creek, bounded by lands of Henry T. Farmer, the lands of the Estate of Littleton Potillo, and others, containing Two Hundred acres, more or less, and known as the Asa Edney tract.

TERMS OF SALE.

A credit of one year will be given for one half of the purchase money, and two years for the residue, upon the purchaser entering into bond, with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

Given under my hand at Office, the 2nd day of August, 1859.

HENRY T. FARMER, *C. M. E.*

September 1, 1859. 2w

Reems' Creek Masonic & Sons of Temperance HIGH SCHOOL.
FOR MALES AND FEMALES.

THE next session will commence on Monday October 3d. The location is in a community which for morality, intelligence, and healthfulness has no superior. The undersigned having considerable experience in teahing, flatters himself that he can render entire satisfaction to any who may entrust their sons and daughters to his training and instructions, and as it is his object to make the school a permanent one, no pains will be spared to advance the pupil as rapidly as possible, and at the same time grounding him thoroughly in his several studies. The expenses are less than at any other Institution of the character in the State.

The government of the school will be kind and gentle, but firm.

Students admitted at any time and charged to the close of the session; unless in case of protracted sickness.

Boarding $1 25 to $1 50 per week.

Tuition as formerly, and exceedingly low.

Contingent fee of 25 cents, invariably in advance.

Any information in regard to the school may be had by application to Rev. J. S. Weaver, W. R. Baird, or the undersigned.

J. H. CALFEE, Principal.

Sept. 4, 1859—3m.

PIANO FORTE.

FOR SALE, an excellent second hand Piano Forte, in good order, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to
J. HILDEBRAND, Sr.
Asheville, Sept. 1, 1859. tf

NOTICE THIS.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. M. Blair & Co., by note or account, are hereby notified that if the same are not satisfactorily arranged by October Court, they will be placed in the hands of an attorney.

W. A. PATTON.

Asheville, Sept. 1, 1859.

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BUNCOMBE COUNTY.

W. W. McDowell, Executor of D. J. Roberts,
vs.
Isaac Roraback.
*Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, Isaac Roraback, resides beyond the limits of the State so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and it further appearing that an attachment has been issued in favor of W. W. McDowell, Executor of D. J. Roberts, and levied upon the chattles of said Defendant; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks notifying said Defendant to be and appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next term to be held for the county of Buncombe at the Court House in Asheville on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, to plead and replevy, or judgment will be taken according to law.

Witness, J. T. Weaver, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in June, A. D., 1859, and in the 84th year of our Independence.

J. T. WEAVER, *C. C. C.*

Aug. 25, 1859. Pr's fee $6. 6w

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BUNCOMBE COUNTY.

Smith & Chapman
vs.
Isaac Roraback.
*Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, Isaac Roraback, resides beyond the limits of the State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and it further appearing that an attachment has been issued in favor of Smith & Chapman and levied upon the chattles of said Defendant, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks, notifying said Defendant to appear at the next Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Buncombe at the Court House in Asheville on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, and plead or replevy, or judgment will be entered according to law.

Witness, J. T. Weaver, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in June, A. D., 1859, and in the 84th year of our Independence.

J. T. WEAVER, *C. C. C.*

Aug. 25, 1859. Pr's fee $6. 6w

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BUNCOMBE COUNTY.

Jesse S. Smith vs. Isaac Roraback.
*Attachment.*

WHEREAS it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, Isaac Roraback, resides beyond the limits of the State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and it further appearing that an attachment has been issued in favor of Jesse S. Smith, and levied upon the chattles of said Defendant, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks notifying said Defendant to appear at the next term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Buncombe at the Court House in Asheville on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, and plead or replevy, or judgment will be entered according to law.

Witness, J. T. Weaver, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in June, A. D., 1859, and in the 84th year of our Independence.

J. T. WEAVER, *C. C. C.*

Aug. 25, 2859. Pr's fee $6. 6w

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BUNCOMBE COUNTY.

*Superior Court of Law—Spring Term,* 1859.
A. T. Summey, Adm., and others,
vs.
Robert J. Brank et al.
Petition for Reprobate of Will.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John M. Brank, Robt. A. Williamson, Joseph P. Williamson, Jno. A. Williamson, Augustus E. Williamson, and David Williamson, heirs of George Williamson, and David Williamson, Mary A. Williamson, Augusta A. Williamson, Daniel C. Williamson, William Rutherford and Elizabeth his wife, Cynthia Williamson, and Allen Williamson, heirs of James Williamson, Isabella Williamson and Margaret Masters, are non residents and beyond the limits of the State; it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Asheville News, for the above mentioned parties to be and appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the county of Buncombe at the Court House in Asheville on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, to see proceedings touching the validity of the last will and testament of the said Robt. Williamson, and then and there plead, answer or demur to the prayer of petitioners, or judgment will be taken pro confesso.

Witness, W. M. Hardy, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Asheville, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March, 1859.

W. M. HARDY, *Clerk.*

Aug. 25, 1859. Pr's fee $6. 6w

## State of North Carolina,

BURKE COUNTY.

In Equity—Spring Term, 1859.
Littleton Stillwell & others,
vs.
Thomas Huffman and wife Polly.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Thomas Huffman and wife Polly, Defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered dy the Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks, notifying said defendants to be and appear at the next term of the Court of Equity for Burke county, at the Court House in Morganton on the 8th Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, to show cause, if any they have, why the land in the Petition should not be sold for partition and distribution.

Witness, E. J. Erwin, Clerk & Master of our said Court, at Office in Morganton, 8th Monday after the 4th Monday in March, A. D., 1859.

E. J. ERWIN, *C. M. E.*

Aug. 25, 1859. Pr's fee $6. 6w

## State of North Carolina,

BURKE COUNTY.

In Equity—Spring Term, 1859.
Alexander Duckworth
vs.
Isaac F. Cannon and others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Isaac F. Cannon, Defendant in this case, resides beyond the limits of this State, it is ordered by the said Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks, notifying the said Isaac F. Cannon to be and appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Burke, at the Court House in Morganton, on the 8th Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, to plead, answer or demur to the Bill of Complaint of Alexander Duckworth.

Witness, Edward J. Erwin, Clerk and Master of our said Court, at Office in Morganton, the 8th Monday after the 4th Monday in March, A. D., 1859.

E. J. ERWIN, *C. M. E.*

Aug. 25, 1859. Pr's fee $6. 6w

LAND FOR SALE!

THE subscriber has 400 acres of land lying on the waters of New Found Creek, 100 acres under cultivation, embracing his present residence, which he would dispose of on the most reasonable terms. Said land affords all the advantages and conveniences calculated to make farming profitable and pleasant. For particulars address,

WM. A. ERWIN,
Turkey Creek, N. C.

August 25, 1859. 4w

HATS!

A large assortment of *HATS*, from the fine beaver to the common wool, just received.

Aug. 25. J. A. PATTON.

North Carolina College,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

THIS promising Institution exhibits a course of study inferior to none in the State, and its Board of Trustees feel confident that the prescribed course will be ably, efficiently and satisfactorily carried out, having secured the services of men, in the selection of their Faculty, qualified to teach upon the most approved system.

The expenses are less than those of any similar Institution in the entire South. This arises in part from its endowment, and in part from its location in a healthy section of country and in a wealthy and moral community.

The Exercises will open on the 28th of September next, and continue FORTY-TWO WEEKS without intermission, except an Examination and Literary contest during the week including the 22d February.

*TERMS:*—In the Preparatory Department, which is intended to prepare young men thoroughly for the College Classes, for Board, Tuition, Room-rent, Washing, Fuel, &c., for the year, $107 00
For the College Department, do., do., 115 00

*One Half Invariably in Advance.*

☞For further particulars address for Circular,
Col. JOHN SHIMPOCH,
Sec'y of the Board,
or Rev. D. H. BITTLE,
President of N. C. College.

Mt. Pleasant, N. C., August 4, 1859. 6t

1859. 1859.
United States Mail Line,
*FOR THE EAST.*

Change of Schedule!

THE Trains of the Western North Carolina Rail Road are now running DAILY to the Catawba river, (and by the first of September will reach Newton,) leaving Salisbury, on the arrival of the Northern mail, at 4½ o'clock, P. M., connecting with C. S. BROWN & CO.'S

Line of 4 Horse Coaches

For MORGANTON and ASHEVILLE, running DAILY to Newton, and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, through to Asheville, without any detention, and *TEN HOURS IN ADVANCE* of any other line. Returning from Asheville: leaves on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving in Salisbury next days to breakfast; connecting with the trains of the North Carolina Rail Road going North, which will be

24 Hours in Advance

*Of any other Stage Line from Asheville*—crossing the Blue Ridge at NOON-DAY, going and coming; thereby securing the finest view of the celebrated peaks of the BLACK MOUNTAIN—Mt. Mitchell and Mt. Clingman—to be had from any point;—passing within 10 miles of the "Black Mountain House," and connecting with the Hacks of that establishment.

☞Families and invalids, four or more, by stopping over at Newton, can take our *EXTRA COACH* for Morganton in day light, if they prefer it; thus avoiding night travel from Salisbury to Asheville. The same accommodation is provided for those passing from Asheville to Salisbury, by stopping at Morganton over night, and taking the *Extra Coaches* in the morning, for the Rail Road.

This Stage Line has been in successful operation four years, and no serious accident has ever occurred on it; and without fear of contradiction we will say it is the *most pleasant, expeditious, nearest,* and *cheapest route,* East or West.

☞One of the Proprietors will be found at the head of the Railroad, and the other at Morganton, ready to accommodate all wishing to take our Stages.

☞Stage Office: In Morganton, at the "Walton House." In Asheville, at the "Eagle Hotel."

C. S. BROWN & CO.
Contractors.

July 1st, 1859. 3m

EAGLE HOTEL.

I DESIRE to call public attention to the EAGLE HOTEL. I have it ready for the reception of those who are seeking either health or pleasure, and will spare neither money or trouble to make it a *First Class Hotel.* I have secured the services of an able and experienced Steward from Charleston, to take charge of the dining room, and hope to be able to please even the most fastidious.

Permit me to call attention to the arrivals and departures of the Stages that have their offices at the Eagle:

Greenville, S. C.—Stage arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings; departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings.

Morganton.—Stage leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings; arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights.

Warm Springs and Greeneville, Tenn.—Stage arrives and departs every day but Sunday.

J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor.

July 7, 1859. tf

VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE.

ON the 3rd day of Sept. next, we will sell on the premises, the valuable FARM belonging to the Estate of the late J. W. Harris, and lying on the Main Broad River, 17 miles west of Rutherfordton, and 23 miles east of Asheville, on the Hickory Nut Road, containing about

800 Acres,

A large portion of it good BOTTOM LAND.

The place has long been known as one of the best stands in the up-country, and the mountain scenery in the vicinity cannot be surpassed in the United States.

Persons desirous of purchasing will of course examine for themselves.

---ALSO---

Some four other Tracts of Land in the vicinity.

TERMS.

One fourth cash; the other three-fourths in one, two and three years, with bond and approved security, and title withheld until the last payment is made.

—ALSO—

One hundred and one Shares in the Hickory Nut Turnpike Company, will be sold at the same time and on the same terms.

C. L. HARRIS,
B. SHERRILL, } *Executors*

June 30, 1859. tds

SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.

THIS well known watering place and delightful summer resort, will be open for the reception of company, under the management of MR. C. C. TERRY, late of the *"MOUNTAIN HOUSE."*

Every effort will be made to render comfortable all who may visit the Sulphur.

The excellent qualities of the water, the purity of the atmosphere, and the magnificence and beauty of the surrounding scenery, are too well known to render any attempt at description necessary.

The Springs are five miles west of Asheville, on the State Turnpike Road.

May 12, 1859. tf

⁂The Columbia Carolinian, Charleston Mercury, and New Orleans Delta, will copy tri-weekly for two months, and forward bill to C. C. Terry, Sulphur Springs.

## Fodder Pulling---Important.

The following letter from Mr. Geo. Seaborn, well known as the late experienced editor of the "Farmer and Planter," seems to possess much of interest to the planting community. Facts are stubborn things, and the result of experiments as detailed below present considerations worthy of notice.

Mr. Editor :—I promised you a statement of the result of an experiment made to ascertain what loss corn could sustain from being deprived of its blades at the usual time of taking fodder; and, also, whether cutting the corn at the roots, after the blades become dry on the ear, would lesson the product.

Twelve short rows, as near equal in appearance as could be found in the field, were set apart for the experiment. Of the twelve rows, No. one, four, seven and ten were left the blades on until they were generally dry to the ear, and on some stalks even to the top, then cut at the roots and "shocked" on the field until the other corn was gathered, then hauled in and shucked from the stalk. No. two, five, eight and eleven were left with the blades on, and No. three, six, nine and twelve were stripped of their blades as late as is usual with us. Now for the result :

No. one, four, seven and ten, when shelled, measured four pecks, one gallon, two quarts and one pint, and weighed seventy and a half pounds.

No. two, five, eight and eleven, measured four pecks, one gallon, two quarts, and one and a half pints, and weighed seventy-one and a half pounds.

No. three, six, nine and twelve measured four pecks, half pint, and weighed fifty-five pounds.

The fodder taken from the last numbers was carefully cured and kept to itself, and weighed eighteen pounds, which added to the corn from which it was taken, amounted to seventy three pounds, but one and a half pounds more than the corn alone, from which no blades were taken, and two and a half pounds more than that cut up at the roots. This experiment proves conclusively to my mind, what I long believed, that by pulling fodder we deprive the corn of the weight, or nearly so, of the fodder when cured. And furthermore, that we would be better employed in making hay than in taking fodder from our corn. I neglected to mention in its proper place, that the corn was all well and equally dried before being measured and weighed.

GEO. SEABORN.

CHARCOAL FOR SWINE.—It is not, perhaps, generally known that one of the best articles that can be given to swine, while in preparation for the tub, is common charcoal. The nutritive properties are so great that they have subsisted on it, without other food, for weeks together. Geese confined so as to deprive them of motion, and given three grains of corn per day, and as much coal as they can devour, have become fattened in eight days. The hog eats voraciously, after a little time, and is never sick while he has a good supply.

☞ Swine are often troubled with a disease, (so denominated by veterinarians,) the "kidney worm." Corn soaked in very strong lye, made of wood ashes, is said to be an infaillible remedy. Salt and brimstone, in small quantities, is preventive, and, indeed, the only one known. Comfortable quarters and good food are of really more importance in the successful management of these animals than many are inclined to suppose, and should never on any account be neglected.

THE TOMATO AS FOOD.—Dr. Bennet, a professor of some celebrity, considers the tomato an invaluable article of diet, and ascribes to it very important medical properties :

1st. That the tomato is one of the most powerful aperients of the liver and other organs; where calomel is indicated it is probably one of the most effective and the least harmful remedial agents known to the profession.

2d. That a medical extract will be obtained from it that will supercede the use of calomel in the cure of disease.

3d. That he has successfully treated diarrhea with this article alone.

4th. That when used as an article of diet, is almost sovereign for dyspepsia and indigestion.

5th. That it should be constantly used for daily food; either cooked, raw, or in the form of catsup, it is the most healthy article now in use.

IDOLATRY.—An exchange says that the Chinese have a temple in San Francisco which cost $20,000, and have imported an idol from China at a cost of $30,000. It is the image of a man who figured in China three hundred years ago, and was a great statesman and warrior, as one said, "like your Washington." The only efforts in California to Christianize the Chinese are by the Methodists at Sacramento. The law prohibiting Chinamen from coming to the State is pronounced unconstitutional, and their number, now sixty thousand, is rapidly increasing.

Great poets are like great mountains—they have a great many echoes.

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10,000 Negroes
10,000 Negroes
10,000 Negroes
Saved Yearly
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Saved Yearly
Planters Take Notice
Planters Take Notice
Planters Take Notice
Jacob's Cordial
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Jacob's Cordial
Is The Only Sure
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Is The Only Sure
And Positive Remedy
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And Positive Remedy
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In Dysentery,
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Diarrhœa,
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And Flux.
And Flux.
And Flux.
It Never Fails.
It Never Fails.
It Never Fails.
Packages of Half Doz.
Packages of Half Doz.
Packages of Half Doz.
Put Up Expressly
Put Up Expressly
Put Up Expressly
For Plantations.
For Plantations.
For Plantations.

For sale in Asheville, by E. J. ASTON.

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THAT GREAT REMEDY
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Every Druggist and Country Merchant should keep a supply of this valuable Remedy, not only from the profits that accrue from its sales, but as an act of philanthropy towards suffering humanity. It will be made to the especial and pecuniary interest of all Druggists to purchase by
W. W. BLISS & CO., PROPRIETORS

For sale in Asheville by E. J. ASTON.
July 7, 1859.

## TO RENT.

THE subscriber offers for rent his STORE HOUSE, opposite Gudger's Hotel. It is too well known to render a description necessary.

J. S. SMITH.

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KINCHEN'S VEGETABLE ALTERATIVE
AND
SYRUP SARSAPARILLA
THOMAS & FULLER
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
203 FULTON ST. NY.

*A Purifier of the Blood, and certain cure for Scrofula or King's Evil, Lumbar Abscess. Hip Disease, White Swelling. all Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Kidneys and Spine, Chronic Sore Eyes. Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Scurvy. Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance. Asthma, Jaundice, Chronic Rheumatism. Chronic Debility following Intermittent or Malarious Fevers. and all diseases arising from the excessive use of Mercury.*

The Vegetable Alterative is offered to the public as a radical cure for the above named diseases, arising wholly or in part from impurity or vitiation of the blood—the basis of its success rests upon the well-known alterative properties of Spanish Sarsaparilla, which is imported expressly for the compounder of this medicine in all its purity; it is then, with the addition of other medicinal plants—alteratives and tonic in their action—manufactured with great care, and concentrated in a palatable form, making by the combination one of the best Alterative Medicines ever used. It is mild, yet active, in its operation; it renovates, while it removes the cause of disease, and may be used by all with confidence and safety.

It is an Alterative Tonic and is peculiarly adapted to malarious sections of the country—it eradicates thoroughly all traces of chronic debility which so often follows an attack of severe or protracted cases of intermittent fever. In the South and West it has been thoroughly tried, and has never failed to restore the invalid to health, sometimes after all other remedies have failed.

In diseases arising from an excessive use of mercury or other mineral medicines, it is unsurpassed in the thorough and prompt manner in which it eradicates all diseased matter from the blood and glandular system.

In all cutaneous diseases it acts like a charm, and in such diseases as Scald Head, Salt Rheum. and Skin Diseases of every kind, it is without an equal in its curative effects.

In the combination there are remidies that act directly on the Liver and Kidneys, and therefore it proposes to relieve these organs when in a torpid or inactive state. In relieving these and other organs, and being a purifier of the blood, it claims to be a cure for that loathsome disease, Scrofula.

The Alterative is put up in pint bottles. Accompanying each bottle is a pamphlet setting forth the nature and character of the several diseases for which it proposes to be a cure.

All agents and others who have the Alterative for sale are supplied with these pamphlets for distribution. Ask for one and read it.

This medicine has been extensively used by many physicians of eminence throughout the South and we have letters from many of them, speaking in the highest terms of its action as an Alterative Tonic Remedy. We are at liberty to refer to Dr. King of Louisburg, N. C.; Dr. Claiborne of Petersburg Virginia; Drs. Wilson and Sanders, Marianna, Florida; Drs. Blunt, Hart, and Butler, Greenwood, Fla.; Dr. C. A. Hentz, Quincy, Fla.; Dr. E. M. Fant, Bankston, Miss., and many others.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.
June 16, 1859. 6m.

### Flats ! Flats ! Flats !

FOR children, misses and ladies; trimmed and untrimmed. A large lot, and pretty of course, at SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO'S.

## Leather, Leather.

UPPER, sole and harness, always to be found and of the best quality at

GAINES, DEAVER & CO'S.

April 7, 1859.

DO you want a coat, pants, vest, shirt, boots, shoes, or hat? If so, you can be supplied with a fashionable article, at prices to suit the times, by applying to

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Smith & Chapman are hereby notified that they have placed their notes and accounts in the hands of W. L. TATE for collection, with whom all settlements are to be made.

SMITH & CHAPMAN.

March 24, 1859.

## COMING IN.

OUR Spring and Summer Stock is now being received, having recently been purchased in the Northern markets by

DR. D. F. SUMMEY,

long and favorably known in the market as a man of taste and judgment in such matters. We pledge ourselves to our best efforts to please, as our motto is, "live and let live."

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

March 31, 1859.

## Iron, Nails and Castings.

A First rate lot of Iron, Nails and Castings; just received. Over 2000 lbs. of Oven Lids, of all sizes and descriptions.

J. A. PATTON.

Nov. 25, 1858.

## SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

### MERRIMON & SONS,

ARE now receiving, direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, a heavy assortment of rich and beautiful Goods, suited to the season, embracing every variety of

**DRY Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c.**

They invite particular attention to a rich assortment of

**LADIES DRESS GOODS,**

and feel satisfied that they will be pronounced beautiful. They have everything usually kept in a retail establishment, all bought upon the most favorable terms, and going off rapidly at low figures.

Call at Hugh Johnston's old stand, opposite the Court House, and you cannot fail to be pleased with both Goods and prices.

Asheville, April 21, 1859.

## NAILS.

A good assortment, just received by SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

## HOOP SKIRTS.

ALL kinds of "hoop skirts," at every price, from $1 50 to $5, just received at

Aug. 25. J. A. PATTON'S.

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Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
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Of any Medicine in the World.
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It Produces Rotundity of Form
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.

**Send a Postage Stamp to the Proprietors for their Pamphlet on "Diseases of Stomach and Bowels."**

W. W. BLISS & Co., Proprietors.

For sale in Asheville by E. J. ASTON.
July 7, 1859.

### BLANKS

Of every description always on hand and for sale at this Office.

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## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

***For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints. arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c.***

In view of the fact that every member of the human family is more or less subjected to some of the above complaints, besides innumerable other conditions in life, which, by the assistance of a little knowledge or exercise of common sense, they may be able so to regulate their habits of diet, and with the assistance of a good tonic, secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is, certainly, that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life ; for this end Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation called HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which at this day is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease. Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent when taken in all its various forms, than any other ; the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind, then why not use an article known to be infallible? Every country have their Bitters as a preventive of disease, and strengthening of the system in general, and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which has attended to advance the destiny of this great preparation in the medical scale of science.

### FEVER AND AGUE.

This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short space of time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be defeated and driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, any of the above stated diseases can not be contracted when exposed to any ordinary conditions producing them, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and rendering unnecessary any change of diet or interruption to usual pursuits, but promotes sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

### For Persons in advanced years

Who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and needs only to be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing, these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and before so doing, ask your physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtues of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

**CAUTION.**—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

**☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all Druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America and Germany.**

SCOVIL & MEAD,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
Wholesale Agents.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.
June 16, 1859. 1y

## Cranberry Iron.

A Large lot of wagon tire, plow molds and bull-tongue Iron, manufactured at the celebrated

CRANBERRY WORKS,

just received and for sale by

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Feb. 21, 1859.

### Bonnets, Flats and Bloomers !

THE latest style and fashion, trimmed and untrimmed, just received, very cheap.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO

April 7, 1859.

## TOWN PROPERTY
### FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Property on which he now resides, in the south end of Asheville.

The Lot contains 2½ acres, and has upon it a new Dwelling House 48×28 feet, two stories, a blacksmith shop, and all necessary out-buildings. It lies on the main street, and as a public house or business stand is very valuable. There is on the place a spring of excellent water.

For further information apply to the subscriber on the premises.

E. L. TRIPLETT.

June 23, 1859. tf

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are hereby notified to call immediately and settle, and thereby save cost.

M. L. DOYLE.

## NOTICE.

IN future, except in cases of sickness or inability, we will send no goods from our store for examination;—always glad to exhibit them at our counters to friends and customers. Our interest demands the adoption of this rule.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

10,000 LBS. of Iron and Nails, just received. Every No. of Nails, & all kinds of Iron.

J. A. PATTON.

June 30, 1859.

## Shingles.

I want twelve or fifteen thousand Shingles—White or Yellow Pine.

Nov. 18, 1858. JAMES A. PATTON.

### Hooped and Spring Skirts.

NEW lot—latest styles—just received—at reduced prices. GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

## GENT'S SHOES.

DECIDEDLY the handsomest lot of Gent's Dress Shoes ever exhibited in Asheville.—Call at the largest establishment in town. Dispute it if you can.

—ALSO—

At the same place will be found a new lot of fine Sugar, hard to beat.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

### Buggy For Sale.

A GOOD second hand Buggy, with tongue and shafts, and a set of new single Harness, on 6 months time for good paper. Enquire at this Office. [Aug. 4—tf.

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## SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR,

PREPARED by Dr. Sanford, compounded entirely from Gums, is one of the best PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public.

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system. supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach causing food to digest well. *purifying the blood*, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

**Billious attacks** are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents *nightmare*.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures *costiveness*.

One dose taken after each meal will cure *Dyspepsia*.

One dose of two tea spoonfuls will always relieve *Sick Headache*.

Only one dose immediately relieves *Colic*, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for *cholera morbus*, and a preventive of *cholera*.

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long spell of sickness.

One bottle taken for *Jaundice*, removes all allowness or unnatural color from the face.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes the food digest well.

One dose, often repeated cures *Chronic Diarrhœa* in its worst form. while *Summer and Bowel Complaints* yield almost to the first dose.

A few bottles will cure *Dropsy* by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventative for *Fever and Ague, chill Fever*, and all Fevers of a *Billious type*. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

*All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.*

*Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.*

**PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.**

DR. SANFORD Proprietor, No. 345 Broadway, New York. Retailed by all Druggists.—Sold also by

E. J. ASTON, Asheville.

April 28, 1859. 1y

## HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
## PHILADELPHIA.

*A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.*

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *Charitable Act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, habits, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge*. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeon in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope.) *Free of Charge*, on receipt of *TWO STAMPS* for postage.—Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD. *Secretary.*

## BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the

**Smithing Business,**

in all its branches, at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

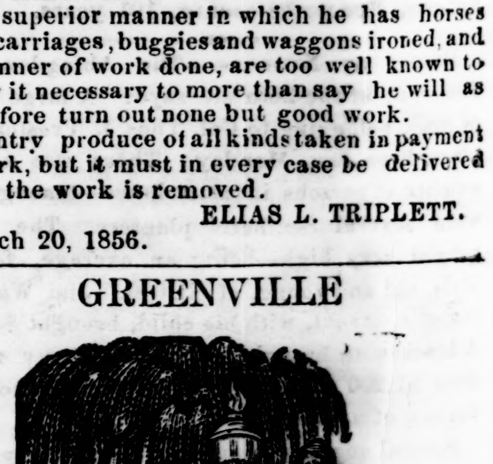
The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and waggons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed.

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT.

March 20, 1856.

### GREENVILLE



## MARBLE YARD.

THE subscriber has on hand, and is constantly receiving, a large and varied assortment of

**American & Italian Marble,**

to which he would call the attention of those in want of a suitable memento to mark the spot where repose the remains of their departed relatives and friends.

Carving and Lettering of all kinds neatly and promptly executed.

Particular attention paid to orders by mail.

Refer to D. G. Westfield, Gower, Cox, Markly & Co., Col. D. Hoke, J. A. David, and Dr. M. B. Earle, Greenville; Rev. A. W. Cummings, Asheville.

JAS. M. ALLEN.

**Winslow W. Smith,** Agent at Asheville.

Greenville, S. C., Feb. 24, 1859. 1y

## ALL THE
*PUREST AND BEST*
## PATENT MEDICINES,
*MAY BE FOUND AT ALL TIMES AT*
## ASTON'S.